



U.S. Department of Energy
Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

DATA CENTER ENERGY EFFICIENCY TRAINING

Benchmarking



<Presenter>

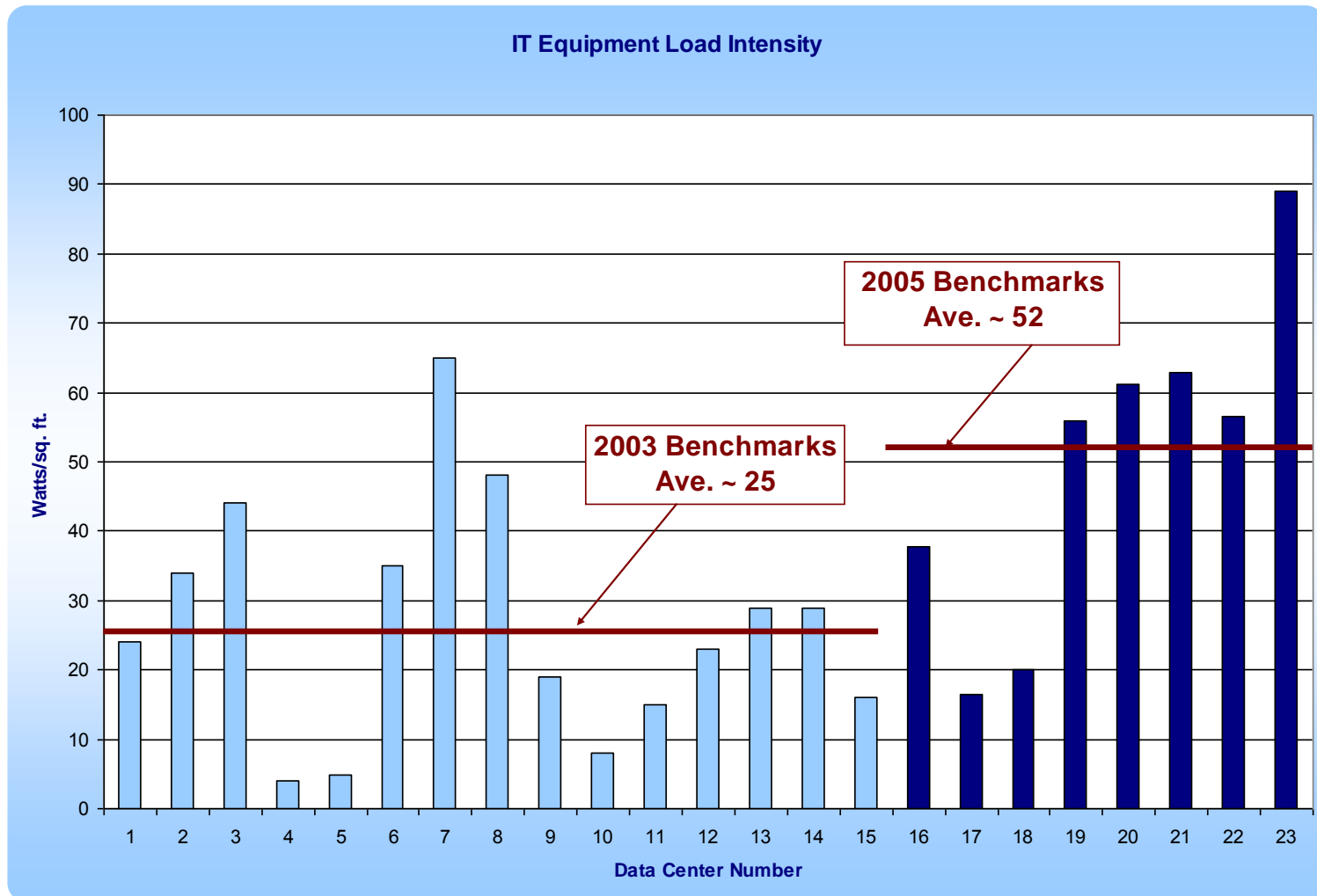


Benchmark Results Can Help Identify Best Practices

The ratio of IT equipment power to the total is an indicator of relative overall efficiency. Examination of individual systems and components in the centers that performed well helped to identify best practices.

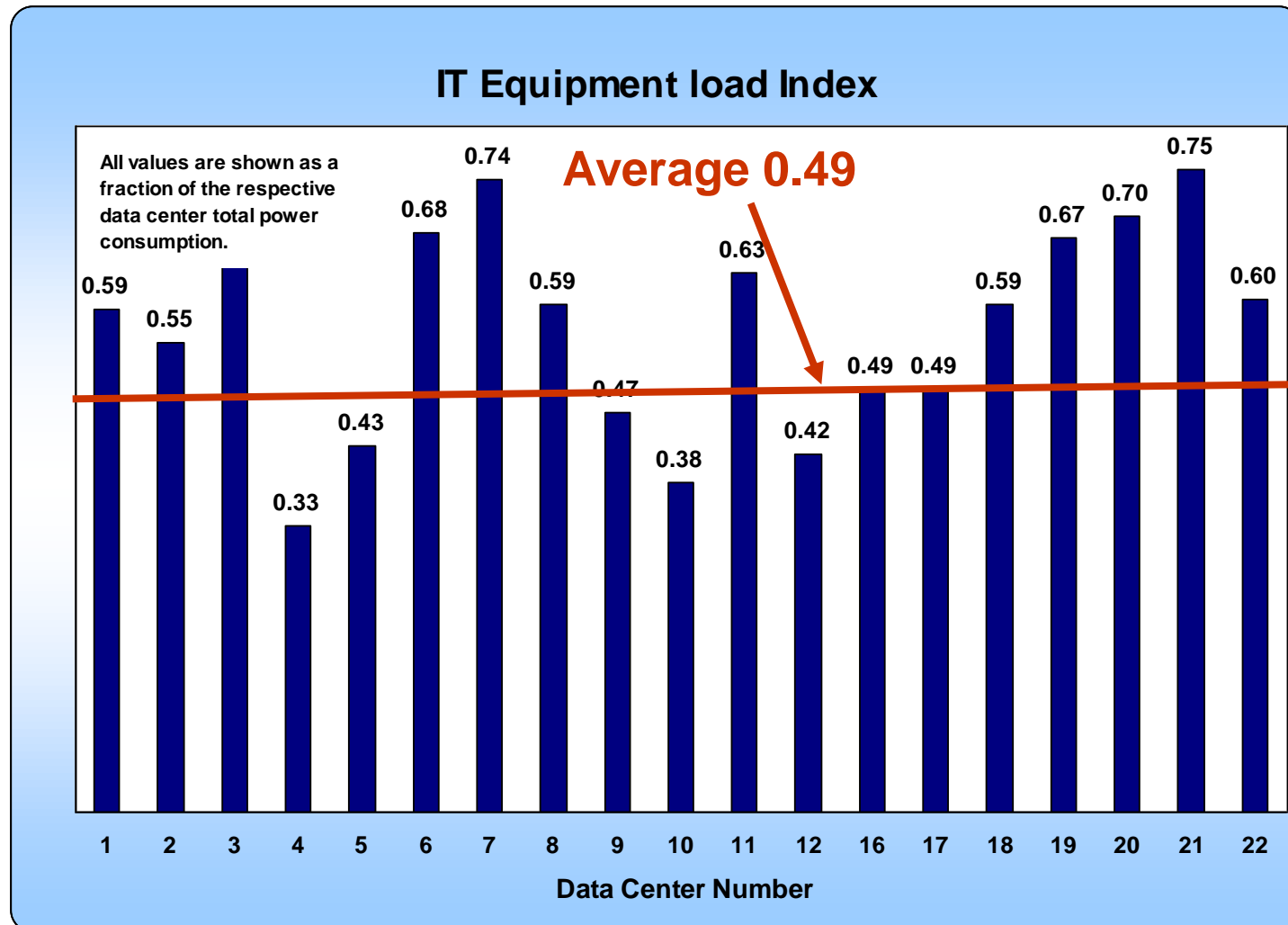


IT Equipment Load Density





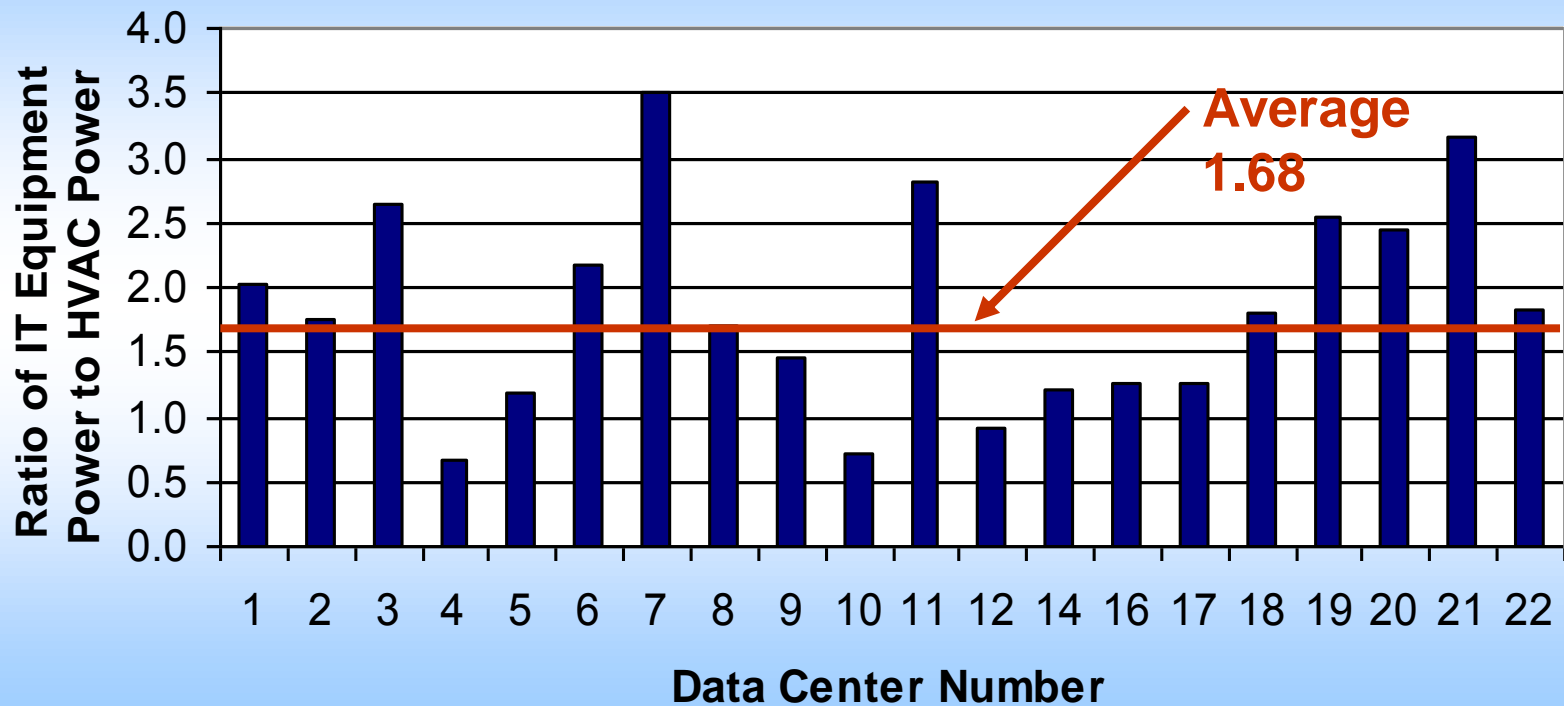
Percentage of Power to IT Equipment





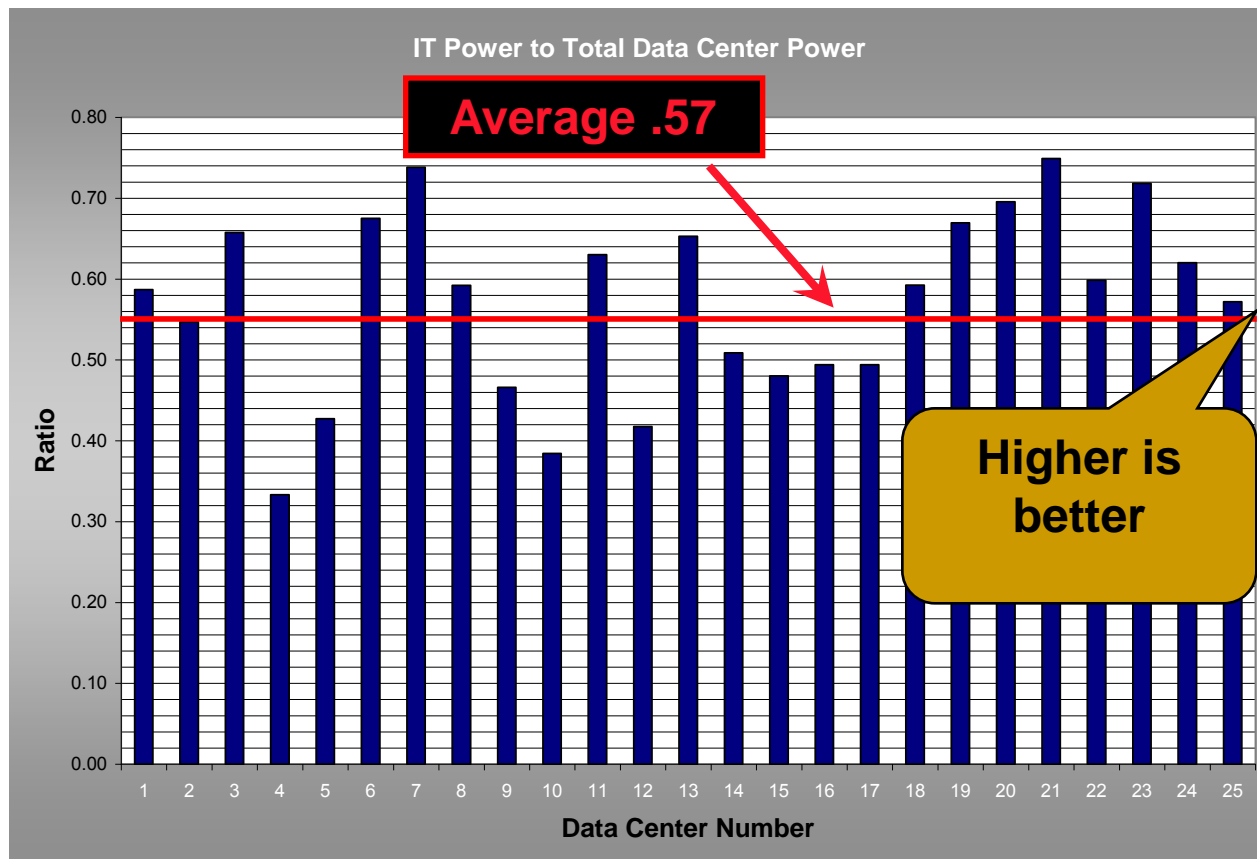
HVAC System Effectiveness

HVAC Effectiveness Index





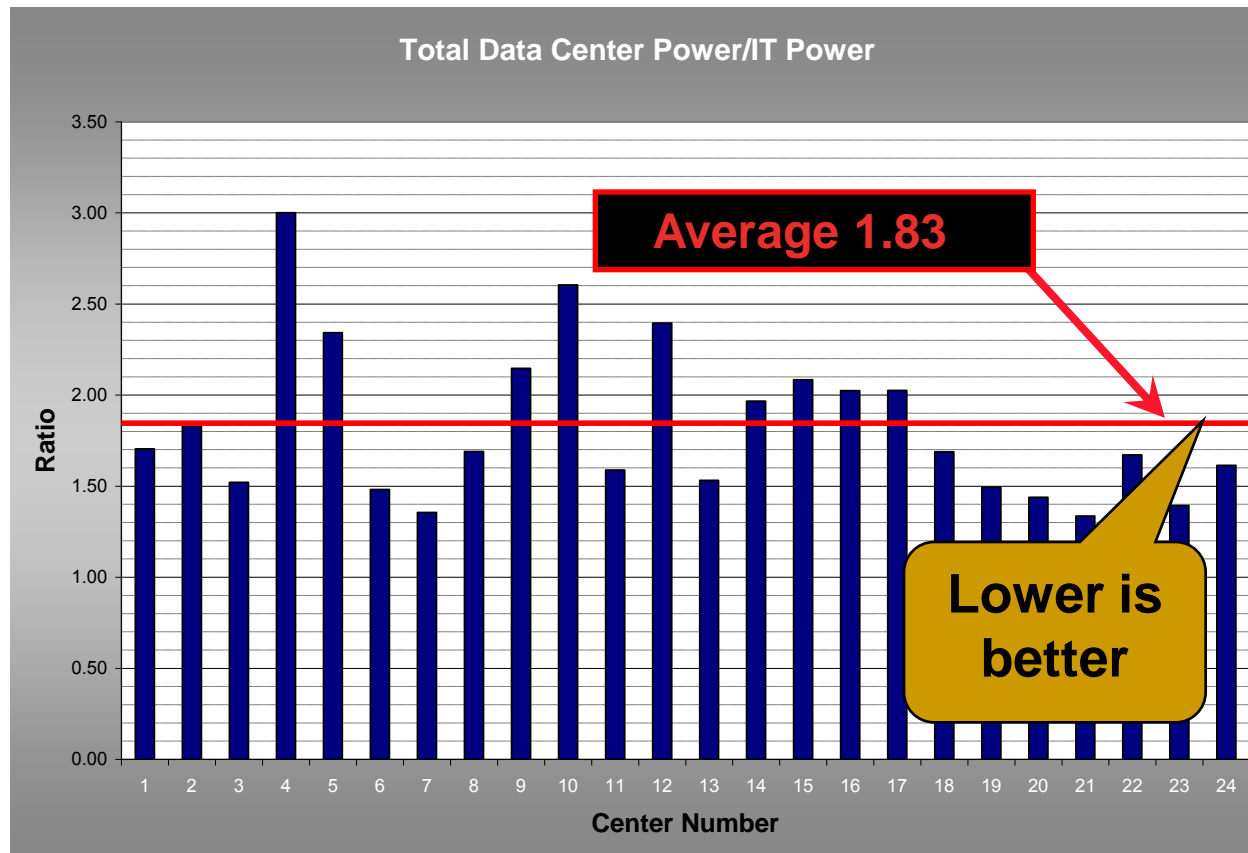
High Level Metric— Ratio of Electricity Delivered to IT Equipment



Source: LBNL Benchmarking



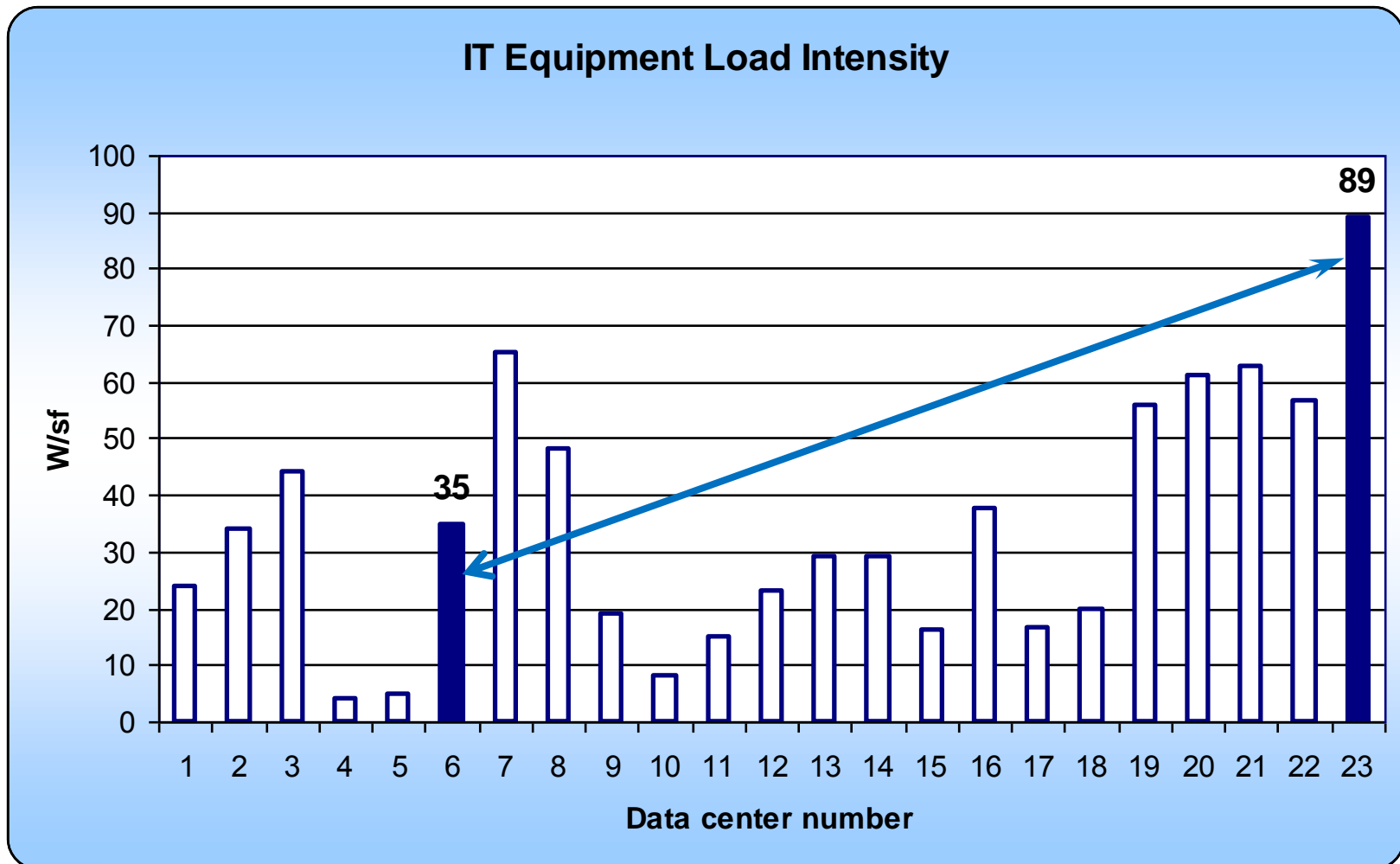
Alternate High Level Metric – Data Center Total / IT Equipment (PUE)



Source: LBNL Benchmarking



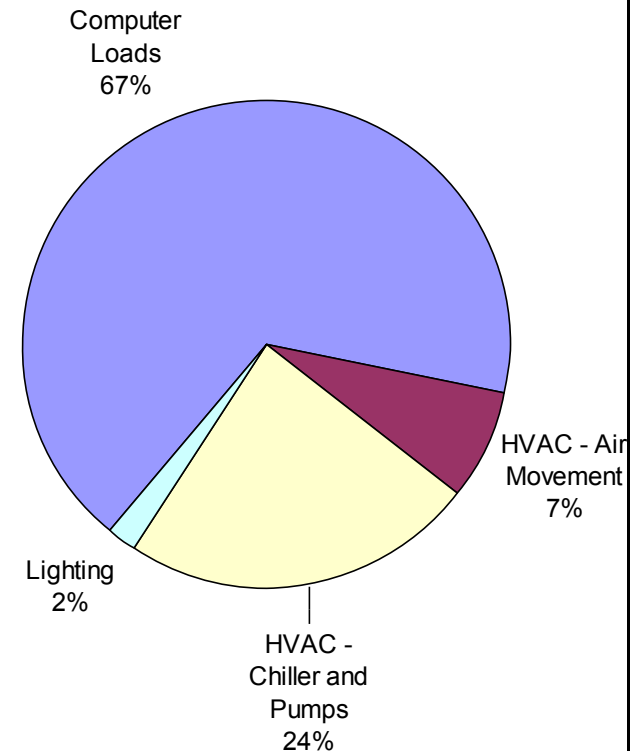
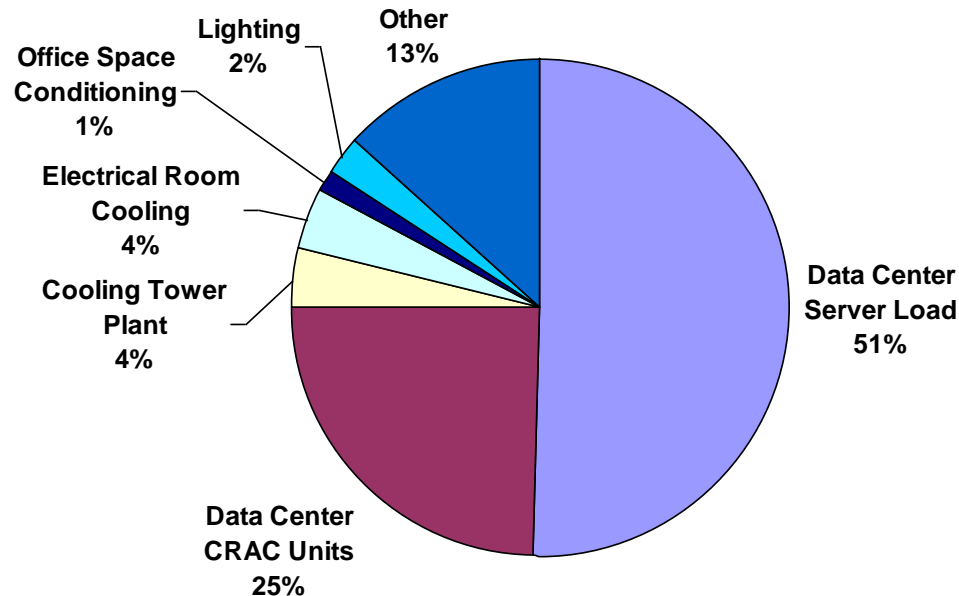
Change in LBNL's supercomputer center





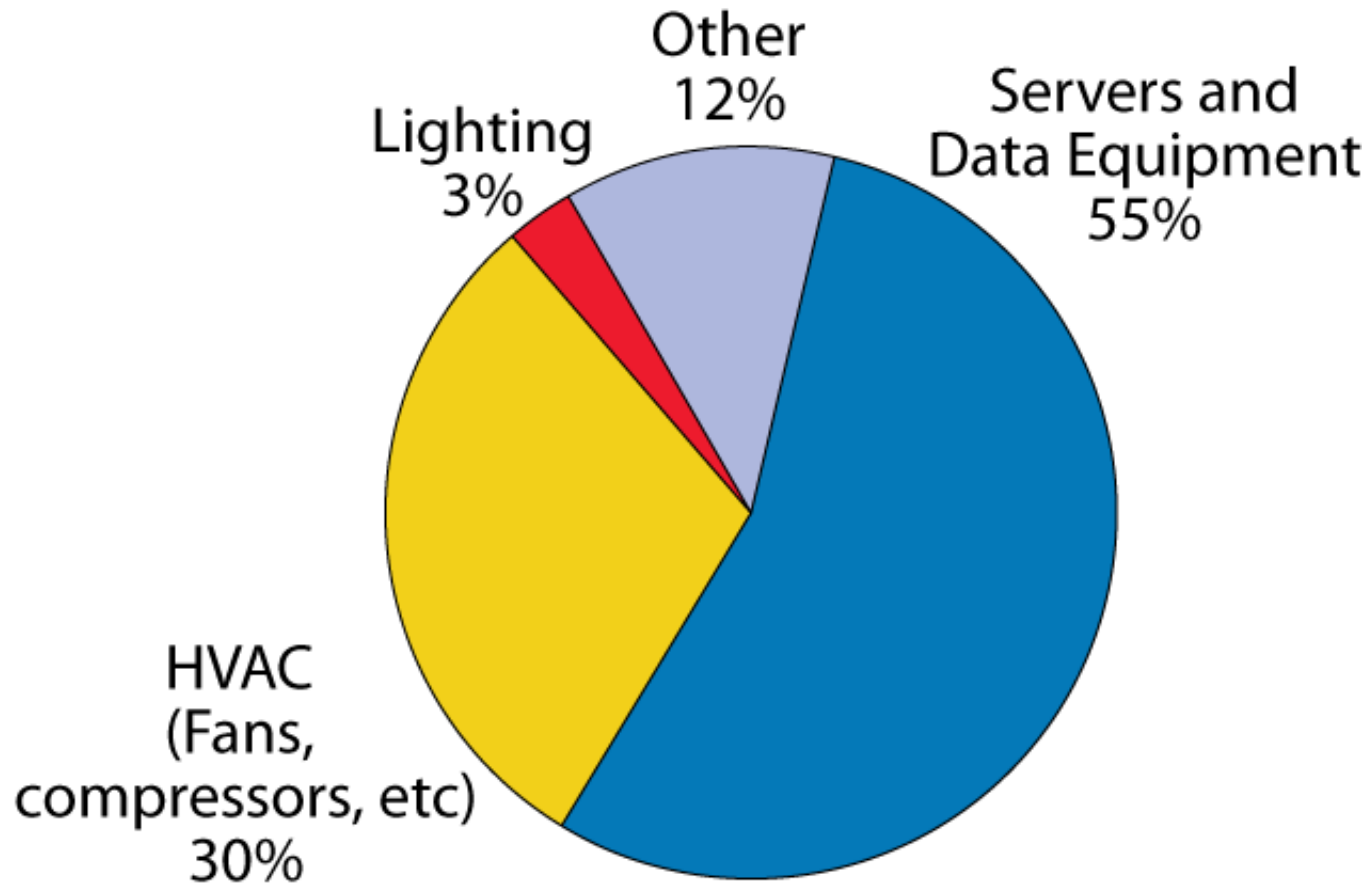
Performance varies

The relative percentages of the energy actually doing computing varied considerably.





Energy use in Data Centers (LBNL/PG&E)





UPS Draft Labeling Standard

- ❑ Based upon proposed European Standard
- ❑ Possible use in incentive programs

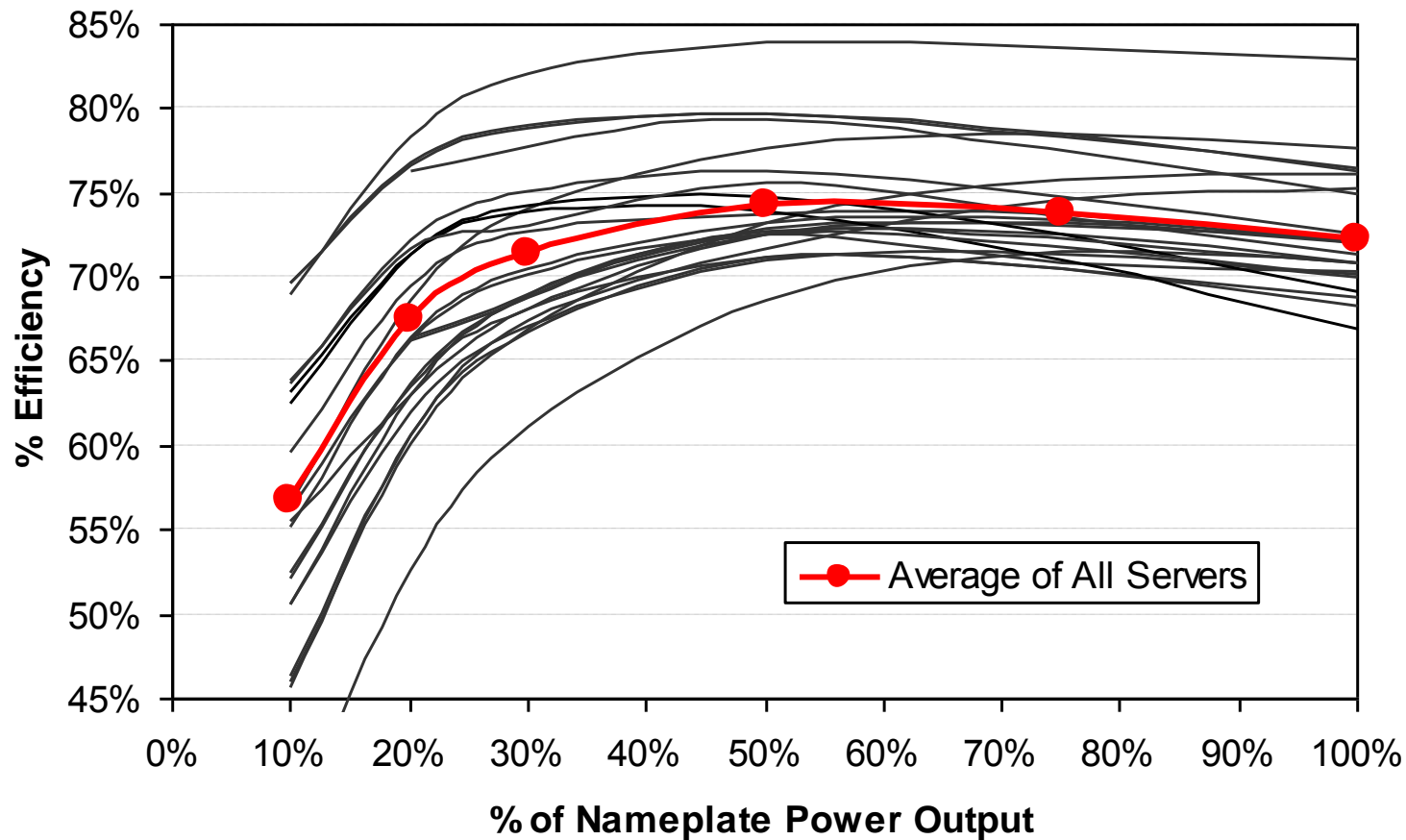
UPS-System			
Manufacturer Model		SFOE USV1A	
Nominal power kW ¹⁾ / kVA ²⁾		XXX / XXX	
Mode of operation			
Low losses Losses < 2 % A Losses < 4 % B Losses < 6 % C Losses < 8 % D Losses < 10 % E Losses < 12 % F Losses >= 12 % G			
Energy losses kWh / year ³⁾		xx.x	xx.x
Energy losses kWh at 2'000 h standby		xx.x	xx.x
Filtering of net disturbances		U _N =	
Outage		✓	> X ms
Voltage interruption		✓	> X ms
Over- and undervoltages		✓	> X ms
Voltage sags/brownouts		✓	> X ms
Harmonic voltages		✓	
Frequency variations		✓	> X ms
Fast transients		✓	< XXX % U _N
Energy loaded transients		✓	< XXX % U _N
Power factor and harmonic distortion		λ / THD ⁵⁾	
No declaration for UPS-Systems with a nominal power higher than 10 kVA			
at nominal power in kW ¹⁾		x.xx / xx.x %	x.xx / xx.x %
at nominal power in kVA ²⁾		x.xx / xx.x %	x.xx / xx.x %
at asymmetric nonlinear load ²⁾		x.xx / xx.x %	x.xx / xx.x %

1) at ohmic load
 2) at non-linear load according to EN 50091
 3) Energy losses at ohmic continuous load with 75 % of nominal power
 4) U_N = Nominal output voltage
 Filtering is sufficient, if the output voltage fulfils EN 50160.
 5) Power factor λ / Total harmonic distortion of the input current





Measured power supply efficiency





Take Aways

- Various meanings for —data centers”
- Benchmarking helps identify performance
- Benchmarking suggests best practices
- Efficiency varies
- Large opportunity for savings
- Resources are available